



Province of the
EASTERN CAPE
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE/
*NASIONALE
SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT***

GRADE/GRAAD 10

NOVEMBER 2020

**MATHEMATICS P1/WISKUNDE V1
MARKING GUIDELINE/NASIENRIGLYN
(EXEMPLAR/EKSEMPLAAR)**

MARKS/PUNTE: 100

This marking guideline consists of 10 pages. /
Hierdie nasienriglyn bestaan uit 10 bladsye.

NOTE:

- If a candidate answered a question TWICE, mark only the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate crossed out an answer and did not redo it, mark the crossed-out answer.
- Consistent accuracy applies to ALL aspects of the marking guidelines.
- Assuming values/answers in order to solve a problem is unacceptable.

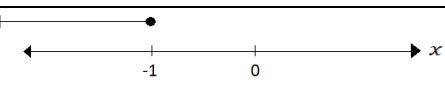
LET WEL:

- As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord het, sien slegs die EERSTE poging na.
- As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord deurgehaal en nie oorgedoen het nie, sien die deurgehaalde antwoord na.
- Volgehoue akkuraatheid is op ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne van toepassing.
- Dit is onaanvaarbaar om waardes/antwoorde te veronderstel om 'n probleem op te los.

QUESTION/VRAAG 1			
1.1.1	$\begin{aligned} 4y^2 - 16 \\ = 4(y^2 - 4) \\ = 4(y - 2)(y + 2) \end{aligned}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\begin{aligned} 4y^2 - 16 \\ =(2y - 4)(2y + 4) \\ =2(y - 2)2(y + 2) \\ =4(y - 2)(y + 2) \end{aligned}$	✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord	(1) (1)
1.1.2	$\begin{aligned} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x^2 + x + 1} \\ = \frac{(x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)}{x^2 + x + 1} \\ = x - 1 \end{aligned}$	✓ factorising/ faktoriseer ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
1.1.3	$\begin{aligned} x - 1 + y - xy \\ = (x - 1) + y(1 - x) \\ = (x - 1) - y(x - 1) \\ = (x - 1)(1 - y) \end{aligned}$	✓ common factor/ gemene faktor ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
1.2.1	$\begin{aligned} \frac{3 - 3x}{x^2 - 3x + 2} \\ = \frac{3(1 - x)}{(x - 1)(x - 2)} \\ = \frac{-3(x - 1)}{(x - 1)(x - 2)} \\ = \frac{-3}{x - 2} \end{aligned}$	✓ factorising numerator/ faktorisering teller ✓ factorising denominator/ faktorisering noemer ✓ answer/antwoord	(3)

1.2.2	$\begin{aligned} & \frac{16^{-x} \cdot 12^{x+1}}{3^x \cdot 4^{-x}} \\ &= \frac{4^{-2x} \cdot 4^{x+1} \cdot 3^{x+1}}{3^x \cdot 4^{-x}} \\ &= 4^{-2x+x+1+x} \times 3^{x+1-x} \\ &= 4^1 \times 3^1 \\ &= 12 \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ separating bases/ <i>opbreek van 12 and/en 16</i> ✓ addition of exponents/<i>optelling van eksponente</i> ✓ answer/<i>antwoord</i> 	(3)
1.3	$\begin{aligned} m &= x(x - y)^2 \\ &= x(x^2 - 2xy + y^2) \\ &= x^3 - 2x^2y + xy^2 \\ &= 3 + 4 \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ expansion/<i>uitbreiding</i> ✓ substitution/<i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/<i>antwoord</i> 	(3)
			[14]

QUESTION/VRAAG 2

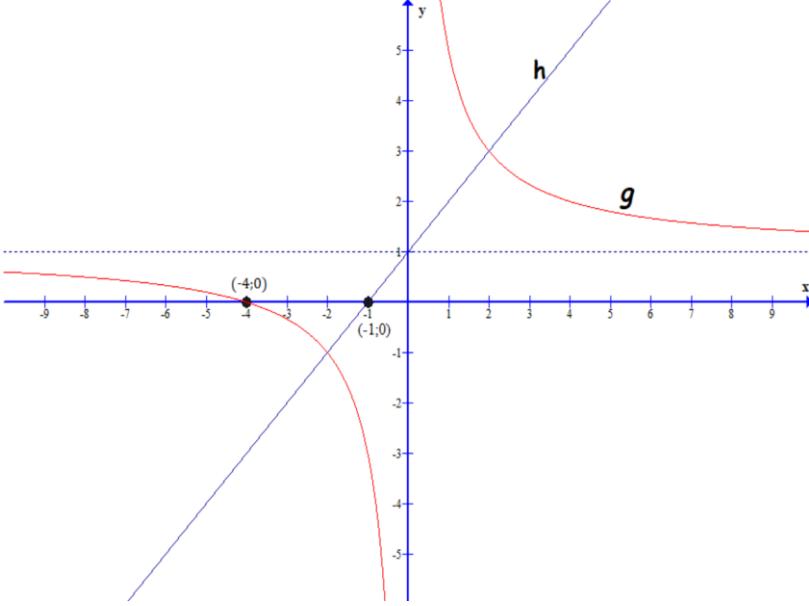
2.1.1	$\begin{aligned}x^3 &= 9x \\x^3 - 9x &= 0 \\x(x^2 - 9) &= 0 \\x(x - 3)(x + 3) &= 0 \\x = 0 \quad \text{or/of} \quad x &= 3 \quad \text{or/of} \quad x = -3\end{aligned}$	✓ factorisation/ faktorisering ✓ factors/faktore ✓ answer/antwoord (3)	
2.1.2	$\begin{aligned}P &= \frac{3}{2}x(PQ^2 - Pq^2) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2}x(PQ^2 - Pq^2) &= P \\ \frac{3}{2}x &= \frac{P}{PQ^2 - Pq^2} \\ &= \frac{P}{P(Q^2 - q^2)} \\ \therefore x &= \frac{P}{P(Q^2 - q^2)} \times \frac{2}{3} \\ &= \frac{2}{3(Q^2 - q^2)}\end{aligned}$	✓ $\div PQ^2 - Pq^2$ ✓ common factor/ P gemene factor P ✓ $\times \frac{2}{3}$ ✓ answer/antwoord (4)	
2.1.3	$\begin{aligned}3x^{\frac{3}{4}} &= 81 \\x^{\frac{3}{4}} &= 27 \\x^{\frac{3}{4}} &= 3^3 \\(x^{\frac{3}{4}})^{\frac{4}{3}} &= (3^3)^{\frac{4}{3}} \\x &= 3^4 \\x &= 81\end{aligned}$	✓ divide both sides by 3 and both sides $()^{\frac{4}{3}}$ / deel beide kante deur 3 en beide kante $()^{\frac{4}{3}}$ ✓ answer/antwoord (2)	
2.2.1	$\begin{aligned}3(2 - 3x) &\geq 15 \\6 - 9x &\geq 15 \\-9x &\geq 9 \\x &\leq -1\end{aligned}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\begin{aligned}2 - 3x &\geq 5 \\-3x &\geq 3 \\x &\leq -1\end{aligned}$	✓ simplify/ vereenvoudig ✓ (\leq) ✓ answer/antwoord (3) ✓ simplify/ vereenvoudig ✓ (\leq) ✓ answer/antwoord (3)	
2.2.2		✓ answer/antwoord (1)	

<p>2.3</p> $\begin{aligned} 3x + 2y &= 13 && \text{(1)} \\ 3x &= 2 - y && \text{(2)} \\ y &= 2 - 3x && \text{(3)} \end{aligned}$ <p>Subs. (3) into (1)</p> $\begin{aligned} 3x + 2(2 - 3x) &= 13 \\ 3x + 4 - 6x &= 13 \\ 3x - 6x &= 13 - 4 \\ -3x &= 9 \\ x &= -3 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} y &= 2 - 3(-3) && \text{(4)} \\ &= 2 + 9 \\ y &= 11 \end{aligned}$ <p>OR/OF</p> $\begin{aligned} 3x + 2y &= 13 && \text{(1)} \\ 3x + y &= 2 && \text{(2)} \end{aligned}$ $(1) - (2): \quad y = 11$ <p>Subs./Verv. $y = 11$ into (2)</p> $\begin{aligned} 3x + 11 &= 2 \\ 3x &= -9 \\ \therefore x &= -3 \end{aligned}$ <p>OR/OF</p> $\begin{aligned} 3x + 2y &= 13 && \text{(1)} \\ 3x + y &= 2 && \text{(2)} \end{aligned}$ $(2) \times 2: \quad 6x + 2y = 4 && \text{(3)}$ $(1)-(3): \quad 3x + 2y = 13$ $\begin{aligned} 6x + 2y &= 4 \\ -3x &= 9 \\ \therefore x &= -3 \end{aligned}$ <p>Subst. $x = -3$ into (1)/Vervang $x = -3$ in (1)</p> $\begin{aligned} 3(-3) + 2y &= 13 \\ -9 + 2y &= 13 \\ 2y &= 22 \\ y &= 11 \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ subtraction (2) from (1)/ Trek (2) af vanaf (1) ✓ y-value/y-waarde ✓ substitution/ vervanging ✓ x-value/x-waarde 	<p>(4)</p>	
			[17]

QUESTION/VRAAG 3

3.1	$2(0) + 2 ; 3(0) + 4 ; 5(0) + 6 ; \dots$ $2 ; 4 ; 6 ; 8$ $T_n = mn + c$ $8 = 2(4) + c$ $\Rightarrow 8 + c = 8$ $\therefore c = 0$ $\therefore T_n = 2n$ OR/OF $2 ; 4 ; 6 ; 8$ $d = 2$ $T_1 = 2(1) = 2$ $T_2 = 2(2) = 4$ $T_3 = 2(3) = 6$ $T_4 = 2(4) = 8$ $\therefore T_n = 2n$	✓ fourth/vierde term ✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ value of/waarde van c ✓ answer/antwoord ✓ fourth/vierde term ✓ value of/waarde van d ✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord	(4)
3.2	$T_{18} = 2(18)$ $= 36$	✓ substitution/ vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
3.3	$T_n = 2n$ $108 = 2n$ $\Rightarrow 2n = 108$ $\therefore n = 54$	✓ $T_n = 108$ ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
3.4	$2n < 166$ $n < 83$ T_{82} is the first term less than 166/ T_{82} is die eerste term < 166	✓ $2n < 166$ ✓ $n < 83$ ✓ conclusion/afleiding	(3)
3.5	$5; 10; 15; 20; 25; 30; \dots$ 32×5 $= 160$ OR/OF $10; 20; 30; \dots$ The 16 th even number / 16 ^{de} ewe getal $= 16 \times 10$ $= 160$	✓ 16 th even = 32 nd number in the pattern 16 ^{de} ewe = 32 ^{ste} getal in die patroon. ✓ 32×5 ✓ answer/antwoord ✓ Even numbers/Ewe getalle ✓ 16×10 ✓ answer/antwoord	(3)
			[14]

QUESTION/VRAAG 4			
4.1.1	$\frac{\text{Deposit}}{\text{deposito}} = \frac{30}{100} \times 9899$ $= R2\,969,70$ $\frac{\text{Balance}}{\text{balans}}: R9\,899 - R2\,969,70 = R6\,929,30$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\frac{70}{100} \times 9899$ $= R6\,929,30$	✓ deposit/deposito ✓ balance/balans	
4.1.2	$A = P(1 + in)$ $= 6\,929,30 (1 + \frac{12}{100} \times 3)$ $A = R9\,423,85$ $\text{Monthly payment} = \frac{R9\,423,85}{36} + R65,30$ $\text{Maandelikse paaiement} = R327,07$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ total payment/ <i>totale paaiement</i> ✓ $\div 36$ ✓ + R65,30 ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
4.2.1	Cost of machine/Koste van masjien $\frac{6\,800}{27,63} \times 16,24 = £3\,996,82$ George will save money if he buys the machine in the USA / Machine is cheaper in the USA. / Machine is more expensive in England./ <i>George sal geld bespaar as hy die masjien in Amerika koop.</i> / <i>Masjien is goedkoper in Amerika / Masjien is duurder in Engeland.</i>	✓ $\frac{6800}{27,63} \times 16,24$ ✓ £3996,82 ✓ conclusion/ <i>gevolgtrekking</i>	(5)
4.2.2	$£800 \times 27,63$ $= R22\,104,00$	✓ correct conversion / <i>korrekte herleiding</i> ✓ answer/antwoord	(2)
			[12]

QUESTION/VRAAG 5		
5.1.1	$g(x) = \frac{a}{x} + q$ $2 = \frac{a}{4} + 1$ $\Rightarrow \frac{a}{4} + 1 = 2$ $\frac{a}{4} = 1$ $a = 4$ $g(x) = \frac{4}{x} + 1$	✓ $q = 1$ ✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (3)
5.1.2	$h(x) = x + 1$	✓ positive gradient/ <i>positiewe gradiënt</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
5.2		✓ asymptotes/ <i>asimptote</i> ✓ positive gradient <i>of h/positiewe gradiënt van h</i> ✓ <i>x</i> -intercept of <i>h</i> / <i>x-afsnitte van h</i> ✓ points of <i>intersection of g and h/snypunte van g en h</i> (4)
5.3	$f(x) = -\left(\frac{4}{x} + 1\right) + 3$ $= -\frac{4}{x} - 1 + 3$ $f(x) = -\frac{4}{x} + 2$ $x = 0$ $y = 2$	✓ equation of <i>f</i> / <i>vergelyking van f</i> ✓ $x = 0$ ✓ $y = 2$ (3)
5.4.1	$x = 2$ and $x = -2$	✓ $x = -2$ ✓ $x = 2$ (2)
5.4.2	$x \in [-2; 0)$ OR/OF $-2 \leq x < 0$	✓✓ $[-2; 0)$ ✓✓ $-2 \leq x < 0$ (2)
		[16]

QUESTION/VRAAG 6		
6.1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ asymptote/ asimptote ✓✓ points of intersection/ snypunte ✓ shape of g/vorm van g ✓ shape of h/vorm van h ✓ f through origin / deur oorsprong (6)
6.2	<p>(0,5; 0,75)</p> <p>OR/OF</p> <p>$\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{4}\right)$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 0,5 / $\frac{1}{2}$ ✓ 0,75 / $\frac{3}{4}$ <p>accept/aanvaar $x \in (0,25; 0,5)$ / $\left(\frac{1}{4}; \frac{1}{2}\right)$ $y \in (0,5; 0,8)$ / $\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{4}{5}\right)$</p> (2)
6.3	<p>$y > -1$</p> <p>OR/OF</p> <p>OR/OF</p> <p>$y \neq -1, y \in \mathbb{R}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord (1) (1) (1)
6.4	<p>$x \in (-\infty; \infty)$</p> <p>OR/OF</p> <p>$x \in \mathbb{R}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓✓ answer/ antwoord ✓✓ answer/ antwoord (2) (2)
6.5	<p>$x = -1$</p> <p>$y = 0$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓✓ answer/ antwoord (2)
6.6	<p>$x \in (-\infty; -2)$</p> <p>OR/OF</p> <p>$x < -2$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓✓ answer/ antwoord ✓✓ answer/ antwoord (2) (2)
		[15]

QUESTION/VRAAG 7			
7.1.1	$P(S) + P(T) = 1$	✓ answer/antwoord	(1)
7.1.2	$P(T) = P(S') = 0,33$	✓ answer/antwoord	(1)
7.2.1		✓ 30 (intersection/ deursnee) ✓ 39 (H only/ alleenlik) ✓ $x - 30$ (T only/alleenlik) ✓ 51 (outside/ buitekant)	(4)
7.2.2	$\begin{aligned} x - 30 + 30 + 39 + 51 &= 180 \\ x + 90 &= 180 \\ \therefore x &= 90 \end{aligned}$ <p>TB only: $90 - 30$ TB alleenlik $= 60$</p>	✓ equation/ vergelyking ✓ value of/waarde van x ✓ answer/antwoord	(3)
7.2.3	(a) $P(T \text{ only}) = \frac{60}{180}$ $P(T \text{ alleenlik})$ $= \frac{1}{3}$ or/of 0,33 (b) $P(\text{no disease}/\text{geen siekte}) = \frac{51}{180}$	✓ substitution of 60/vervanging met 60 ✓ answer/antwoord ✓ answer/antwoord	(2) (1)
			[12]
		TOTAL/TOTAAL:	100